Venus Securities (Private) Limited
(Formerly - Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited)
Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2014

# Venus Securities (Private) Limited (Formerly - Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited)

# Financial Statements

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# NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN

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## AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Venus Securities (Private) Limited – (Formerly – Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited) as at June 30, 2014 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that—

- in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion-
  - (i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied.
  - the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the company's business; and

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A member firm of





- the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part there of conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at June 30, 2014 and of the profit, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year ended; and
- in our opinion no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Dated: 15 SEP 2014

NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner: M. Javaid Qasim

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors take pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statement of the Company for the years June 30, 2014. The working results of the company for the said financial year are given as under:

Financial Results:		Rupees
Total Revenue	18.	722,866
Operating expenses		(480,732)
Profit before taxation		242,134
Taxation- Current		(72,286)
Profit after taxation		169,848

#### Dividend:

The company do not declared any dividend due to non-commencement of business.

## Earnings per Share:

Earnings per share for the year ended 30th June 2014 was Rs. 0.11

## Auditors:

The auditors of the company Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran - Chartered Accountants have retired and offer their services for the ensuing year.

> On behalf of the board For (Venus Securities (Private) Limited)

Karachi:

Dated: 15 SEP 2014

Chief Executive

## Venus Securities (Private) Limited (Formerly - Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited) Balance Sheet As at June 30, 2014

			Note	Rupees 30-06-2014	Rupees 30-06-2013
ASSETS					
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			,	15 000 000	54,073,830
Intangible Assets			5	15,000,000 39,073,830	54,075,650
Long Term Investment Long Term Deposits			7	300,000	-
CURRENT ASSETS			12		
Cash & Bank Balances			8	82,163	201,383
			·	82,163	201,383
				54,455,993	54,275,213
EQUITIES AND LIABILITIES	,				
Share Capital and Reserves					
Share Capital			9	150,000,000	150,000,000
Unappropriated Profit / (Loss)				(95,659,939)	(95,829,787
				54,340,061	54,170,213
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Due to Directors			Γ	44,132	5,000
Accrued and Other Liabilities			L	71,800/	100,000
- 10				115,932	105,000
			-	54,455,993	54,275,213
The annexed notes from 1 to 14 form a	an integral part of these	financial stat	tements.		in

Karachi

Dated: 15 SEP 2014

Chief Executive

## Venus Securities (Private) Limited (Formerly - Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited) Profit & Loss Accounts For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Note	Rupees 30-06-2014	Rupees 30-06-2013
Dividend Income		722,866	-
Capital gain sale of KSE shares			210,000
14.		722,866	210,000
Operating Expenses			
Administrative Expenses	10	480,500	277,498
Financial Charges	L	232	
		480,732	277,498
Operating Profit / (Loss) before Taxation		242,134	(67,498)
Taxation		72,286	12
Profit / (Loss) after Taxation		169,848	(67,498)
Earning per share-basic & diluted	11	0.11	(0.04)

The annexed notes from 1 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Karachi

Dated: 15 SEP 2014

Chief Executive

## Venus Securities (Private) Limited (Formerly - Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited) Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Note	Rupees 30-06-2014	Rupees 30-06-2013
Profit / (Loss) after Taxation		169,848	(67,498)
Other Comprehensive Income		-	7.
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year	-	169,848	(67,498)

The annexed notes from 1 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Karachi

Dated: 15 SEP 2014

Chief Executive

## Venus Securities (Private) Limited (Formerly - Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited) Cash Flow Statement For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Note	Rupees 30-06-2014	Rupees 30-06-2013
Cash Flow from Operating activities			
Net Profit / (Loss) before taxation		242,134	(67,498
			,
Add: Items not involved in movement of fund: Depreciation		. 1	
Amotization			152,998
Financial Charges		232	
		232	152,998
Operating Profit before working capital changes		242,366	85,500
Net Change in working capital	(a)	10,932	(980,679
Financial Charges paid		(232)	-
Taxes paid	. 2	(72,286)	-
Cash generated from operatinig activities		180,780	(895,179
Cash Flow from Investing activities			
Intangible Assets		- 1	1,000,000
Long Term Deposit		(300,000)	-
Long Term Investment		-	-
Net Cash Inflow/ (Outflow) from investing activities	7	(300,000)	1,000,000
Cash Flow from Finacing activities			
Share Deposit Money	9		
Net Cash Inflow/ (Outflow) from financing activities			-
Net increase / (decrease) in eash and eash equivalents		(119,220)	104,821
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the year		201,383	96,562
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year	8	82,163	201,383
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Other Receivables		-	1 -
Short term investment			
Advance & Deposit			
Increase / (decrease) in current Liabilities			
Trade & Other Payables		39,132	(980,679
Short-term running finance		(28.200)	
Accrued Expenses & Other Liabilities	l	(28,200) 10,932	(980,679
Net Working Capital Changes		10,932	(980,679
22 2 20 20	inanda) eraramane	4	
The annexed notes from 1 to 14 form an integral part of these for	handi	λ	
-Karachi			
Dated: 15 SEP 2014	Chief Executive		Director
			*

## Venus Securities (Private) Limited (Formerly - Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited) Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Issued, Subscr and Paid-up C		share deposit money	Unappropriated Profit/ (Loss)	Total
	Rupees Rupees		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at June 30, 2012	150,0	000,000		(836,119)	149,163,881
Share issue during the year				7-	1.5
Profit / (Loss) after taxation		-		(67,498)	(67,498)
Revaluation of KSE shares and TREC du to Demutualization		-		(94,926,170)	7.5
Balance as at June 30, 2013	150,0	000,000		(95,829,787)	149,096,383
Share issue during the year		-	-	-	-
Profit / (Loss) after taxation				169,848	169,848
Balance as at June 30, 2014	150,0	000,000		(95,659,939)	149,266,231

The annexed notes from 1 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Karachi

Dated: 15 SEP 2014

Chief Executive

#### 1 Legal Status and Nature of Business

Farooq Abdullah Securities (Private) Limited (the Company) was incorporated in 2007 as a private limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The registered office of the Company is situated at House No. 149-E. Block-2, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi, Pakistan. The company is engaged in the business of financial consultancy, brokerage, underwriting and investment counselling. It is a corporate member of the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited.

## 2 Basis of Measurement

- 2.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which are carried at their fair value.
- 2.2 These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

## 3 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

## 4 Significant Accounting Policies

- 4.1 The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except that the Company has adopted the following revised standard, amendments and interpretation of IFRSs which became effective during the year.
  - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Presentation of items of other comprehensive income (Amendment)
  - IAS 12 Income Taxes Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amendment)

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements did not have any effect on the financial statements.

Further, certain new standards have been issued by IASB which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2013 but are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

#### 4.2 Property and Equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight line method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. Depreciation on additions is charged for the full month in which asset is put to use and on deletions up to month immediately preceding the month of deletion. Normal repairs and maintenance costs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalised. The assets residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each financial year end. Gain or loss on disposal of assets, if any, is recognized in the period of disposal.

The carrying amounts are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts, and where carrying values exceeds estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their estimated recoverable amount.

#### 4.3 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets having definite life are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. Amortization charge is based on the straight line method whereby the cost of an assets is written-off over its estimated useful life.

Rooms and trading right entitlement certificate are considered to have an indefinite useful life and are stated at acquisition cost. The carrying amount of these assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether it is in excess of its recoverable amount, and where the carrying amount exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

Gain and loss on disposal, if any, is taken to the profit and loss account.

#### 4.4 Investments

All investments are initially recognised at fair value plus in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The management of the Company determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase as follows.

#### Held-to-maturity

Investment with fixed maturities where management has both the intent and ability to hold to maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity investments. These investments are carried at amortized cost.

#### Available-for-sale

These are investments intended to be held for an indefinite period to time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in equity prices. Subsequent to initial measurement, these are re-measured to fair value except for unquoted investments which are stated at cost. Net gains and losses arising on changes in fair value of these investments are recognized directly in equity. On derecognition or impairment in available-for-sale investments, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity is included in the profit and loss account for the year.

## Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments classified as held-for-trading and those designated as such are included in this category. Investments are classified as held-for-trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. After initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value and gains or losses are recognized in profit and loss account.

#### 4.5 Trade date accounting

All "regular way" purchases and sales of quoted securities are recognised on the "trade date", i.e., the date on which the Company commits to purchase / sell the security. Regular way purchases or sales of quoted securities require delivery within stipulated time after the transaction date as per the Stock Exchange Regulations.

#### 4.6 Repurchase / Resale Agreements

The Company enters into transactions of repos and reverse repos at contracted rates for a specified period of time. These are recorded as under:

#### Sale under repurchase obligation

Securities sold with a simultaneous commitment to repurchase at a specified date (repos) continue to be recognised in the balance sheet and are measured in accordance with accounting policies for investments. Amounts received under these agreements are recorded as repurchase agreement borrowings. The difference between sale and repurchase price is amortised as expense over the term of the repo agreement.

#### Purchase under resale obligation

Securities purchased with a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (reserve repos) are not recognised in the balance sheet. Amounts paid under these arrangements are included in reverse repurchase agreement lendings. The difference between purchase and resale price is accrued as income over the term of the reverse repos agreement.

## 4.7 Trade debts and fund placements

In accordance with good accounting practices the company provides fully against the trade debts and fund placements for which no security is available without prejudice to its right to take appropriate legal and commercial action for the recovery of the said trade debts and fund placements.

#### 4.8 Financial instruments

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual right to future cash flows from the asset expires or is transferred along with the risk and reward of ownership of the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to income currently.

#### 4.9 Off-setting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the realised amounts and the Company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

#### 4.11 Taxation

#### 4.11.1 Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation after taking into account applicable tax credits, rebates and exemption available, if any. For income covered under Final Tax Regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime.

#### 4.11.2 Deferred

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences, unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised.

#### 4.12 Revenue recognition

- Brokerage commission is recognized as and when services are provided.
- Income from placements of funds is recognized on time proportionate basis.
- Mark-up on over due balances is recognized on accrual basis.
- Underwriting commission is recognized when the agreement is executed.
- Dividend income is recognized when right to receive the same is established.
- Gain / loss arising on disposal of investments is included in income currently and is accounted for on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Profit of bank accounts is recognized on accrual basis.

		Note	Rupees 30-06-2014	Rupees 30-06-2013
5	Intangible Assets			
3				54,073,830
	Membership card- KSE Trading rights entitlement certificates		15,000,000	-
	Trading rights characteristic certificates		15,000,000	54,073,830
,	Investment- Available for Sale		39,073,830	54,073,830
6	Investment- Available for Saic			
	(The Act) the ownership in a Stock Exchange has been segre Accordingly, the Company has received equity shares of KSE and membership card of KSE. The company's entitlement in respect of 10 of assets and liabilities of KSE as approved by SECP and the Company the face value of Rs. 10/- each, out of which 2,404,430 are kept in will be made in accordance with the requirements of the Act within the the absence of an active market of the shares of KSE and TREC TREC at Rs. 39.073 million and Rs. 15 million respectively, which KSE and endoresed by the SECP. Consequently the Company has not membership card of KSE to Shares and TREC in the equity.	d a Trad KSE's shapany has the block wo years the Con is the vo	ling Right Entitlement ares is determined on to been initially allotted and account and the divergent and the from the date of Demo- mpany has taken the co alue approved by the I	(TRECs) in fleu of the basis of valuation 4,007,383 shares of vestment of the same atualization. ost of the shares and Board of Directors of
7	Long Term Deposits			
	NCCPL.			
			200,000	20
			200,000 100,000	
	CDC			:
8			100,000	-
8	CDC		100,000	· · ·
8	Cash & Bank balances		100,000 300,000	201,383
8	Cash & Bank balances Cash in Hand		100,000 300,000 1,550	201,383 201,383
8	Cash & Bank balances Cash in Hand Cash at Bank- in current accounts		1,550 80,613	
	Cash & Bank balances Cash in Hand Cash at Bank- in current accounts		1,550 80,613	201,383
	Cash & Bank balances Cash in Hand Cash at Bank- in current accounts  Issued, subscribed & Paid-up-Capital		1,550 80,613	
	Cash & Bank balances Cash in Hand Cash at Bank- in current accounts  Issued, subscribed & Paid-up-Capital Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 /- each		1,550 80,613 82,163	201,383
	Cash & Bank balances Cash in Hand Cash at Bank- in current accounts  Issued, subscribed & Paid-up-Capital Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 /- each 1,500,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid in cash		1,550 80,613 82,163	201,383
	Cash & Bank balances Cash in Hand Cash at Bank- in current accounts  Issued, subscribed & Paid-up-Capital Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 /- each 1,500,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid in cash  1,500,000		1,550 80,613 82,163	201,383 150,000,000
	Cash & Bank balances Cash in Hand Cash at Bank- in current accounts  Issued, subscribed & Paid-up-Capital Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 /- each 1,500,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid in cash  1,500,000  Authorized Capital		1,550 80,613 82,163	201,383 150,000,000

	_	Note	Rupees 30-06-2014	Rupees 30-06-2013
10	Administrative Expenses			
	KSE Registration and Transfer		250,025	-
	SECP, NCCPL and CDC Charges		58,000	-
	Fees & Subscription		57,475	49,500
	Audit Fee		40,000	25,000
	Legal & Professional		75,000	40,000
	Deferred Cost Amortization		-	152,998
	Donation		-	10,000
	- 1× ·		480,500	277,498
		_		
11	Earning per share-basic & diluted			
	Profit/ (Loss) after taxation		169,848	(67,498)
	Weighted average number of shares		1,500,000	1,500,000
		_	0.11	(0.04)
12	Remuneration of Directors and Chief Executive			
		Γ	Directors	Chief Executive
		L		
	Managerial Remuneration			
		-	-	
	No remuneration paid to Chief Executive or Directors during the period.			
		-		
			/	

#### 13 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of the directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:

#### 13.1 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

#### (i) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Company is exposed to such risk mainly in respect of short-term borrowings.

#### Foreign Currency Risk (iii)

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not have any financial instruments in foreign currencies and hence is not exposed to such risk.

#### Equity Price Risk (iii)

Equity price risk is the risk of volatility in share price resulting from their dependence on market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand for shares and liquidity in the market.

#### 13.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected.

#### 14 Authorization for issue

15 SEP 2014 These financial statements have been authorized for issue by the board of directors meeting held on

15 SEP 2014